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# Jeep Cherokee Xj Wiring Diagram Cable Harness And Routing 2000

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Wiring Diagram Cable  
Harness And Routing  
2000*

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## INTRODUCTION: THE ELECTRICAL BLUEPRINT OF A LEGEND

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The 2000 Jeep Cherokee XJ remains one of the most beloved off-road vehicles and daily drivers ever produced. Its simple, rugged design and unibody construction have earned it a cult following. However, after two decades, even the most robust Cherokee can develop electrical gremlins. Whether you are restoring a classic, chasing a parasitic draw, or installing aftermarket accessories, a reliable **Jeep Cherokee XJ wiring diagram cable harness and routing 2000** reference is indispensable. Understanding how the electrical system is laid out, where each harness runs, and how to read the factory diagrams can save hours of frustration and prevent costly mistakes. This article provides a comprehensive guide to the wiring, harness placement, and routing for the 2000 model year, written for both seasoned mechanics and enthusiastic DIY owners.

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## THE 2000 CHEROKEE XJ ELECTRICAL ARCHITECTURE: AN OVERVIEW

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The 2000 XJ is part of the late-model run, featuring OBD-II diagnostics, the legendary 4.0L inline-six engine (or the optional 2.5L four-cylinder), and either

the AW4 automatic or AX-15 manual transmission. The electrical system is a 12-volt negative-ground setup with a multi-fuse layout under the hood and in the cabin. The wiring diagrams for this year are notably more complex than earlier models due to the addition of the Sentry Key Immobilizer System (SKIS) and upgraded interior electronics.

The main **cable harness** consists of several interconnected sub-harnesses: the engine harness, the instrument panel harness, the body harness, and the rear harness. Each has dedicated routing paths to avoid heat, moving parts, and moisture. Knowing the exact routing for the 2000 model is critical because even a few inches off can cause pinching, chafing, or interference with steering and suspension components.

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## READING THE 2000 JEEP CHEROKEE XJ WIRING DIAGRAM

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# Understanding the Symbols and Color Codes

Factory wiring diagrams use standardized symbols for components such as resistors, splices, grounds, and connectors. The 2000 diagram also includes connector views (pin-outs) that show the shape and terminal arrangement of each plug. Wire colors

are indicated by abbreviations – for example, **BK** for black, **RD** for red, **WT** for white, **GN** for green, **YL** for yellow, and **DB** for dark blue. Often a two-trace stripe is shown, like **DB/OR** (dark blue with orange stripe). The diagram also notes the gauge of the wire (e.g., 18 AWG) and the circuit number, such as Fused B+ or Ignition Run.

## Locating the Correct Diagram

For the 2000 model year, the **Factory Service Manual (FSM)** is the gold standard. Aftermarket manuals like Haynes or Chilton often simplify diagrams, which can lead to missing crucial details. For a complete **Jeep Cherokee XJ wiring diagram cable harness and routing 2000**, the FSM includes separate pages for each subsystem: starting and charging, engine control, lighting, gauges, and accessories. Many online forums and resources host PDFs of these diagrams, but ensure they are the correct revision for the 2000 model. Some diagrams for 1999 or 2001 will have differences in the SKIS circuitry and transmission controls.

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### MAIN HARNESS ROUTING: UNDER THE HOOD

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## Engine Compartment Harness Paths

The engine harness begins at the Power Distribution Center (PDC) located on the driver's side fender. From there, it routes

across the top of the radiator support, along the firewall, and down to the engine sensors and injectors. Key routing points for the 2000 XJ:

- **Battery positive cable:** Runs from the battery on the passenger side to the PDC and then to the starter solenoid. Ensure it is secured away from the serpentine belt and fan.
- **Engine main harness:** Passes under the brake booster and along the top of the valve cover, secured by plastic clips to the engine lift bracket. Avoid routing over the exhaust manifold.
- **Transmission and ABS harness:** The automatic transmission harness runs along the driver's side frame rail and connects to the solenoid pack and speed sensor. The ABS harness (if equipped) follows the passenger side fender.

## Grounding Points in the Engine Bay

Proper grounding is essential for reliable starting and sensor accuracy. The 2000 XJ has several dedicated ground points: one on the engine block near the dipstick, one on the passenger side inner fender, and a braided ground strap from the back of the cylinder head to the firewall. Corrosion at these points is a frequent source of no-start or erratic gauge readings. When referencing your **cable harness routing 2000**, always verify that these ground connections are clean and tight.

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## INTERIOR AND FIREWALL PASS-THROUGHS

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### Routing Through the Firewall

The main firewall pass-through is located above the driver's side footwell, behind the clutch/brake pedal bracket. A large rubber grommet seals the opening. The 2000 model has several smaller grommets for optional wires: one for the SKIS antenna ring, one for the optional sunroof drain, and one for the cruise control servo. When adding aftermarket accessories, always use these existing openings or drill new holes with a proper grommet to prevent water intrusion and wire damage.

### Instrument Panel Harness

Inside the cabin, the instrument panel harness distributes power to the gauge cluster, radio, climate controls, and switches. This harness runs behind the dashboard, secured by push-in clips. A common problem in the 2000 XJ is the ignition switch connector melting due to resistance; the wiring diagram shows that the heavy-gauge red and pink wires (B+ and Ignition) are the primary culprits. Rerouting or upgrading these wires is a recommended preventive measure.

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## BODY AND REAR HARNESS ROUTING

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### Under the Carpet and Along the Rocker Panels

The body harness carries power for interior lights, power windows, locks, and the rear wiper. In the 2000 model, this harness runs from the driver's side kick panel, under the sill plates (along the door openings), and back to the rear cargo area. The routing is critical - if the harness gets pinched under the carpet or sill, it can short and disable multiple circuits. The factory service manual shows that the harness should be tucked into the plastic channel under the door sill trim. Aftermarket carpet installations often misroute this harness, leading to poor door seal and electrical issues.

### Tailgate and Rear Lights

At the rear, the harness passes through a rubber boot near the left rear taillight. The 2000 XJ has a separate liftgate harness for the wiper, defroster, and license plate light. This harness is notorious for wire fatigue and breakage near the hinge. Using your **Jeep Cherokee XJ wiring diagram cable harness and routing 2000**, you can identify which colored wires need to be repaired or replaced. Often, simply bypassing the broken section with a splice is enough to restore function.

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## COMMON ELECTRICAL PROBLEMS AND HOW THE DIAGRAM HELPS

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## Parasitic Battery Drain

One of the most frustrating issues is finding a battery dead after a few days of sitting. The 2000 XJ has several modules that should go to sleep after about 30 minutes. Using a multimeter and the wiring diagram, you can isolate the circuit that remains active. Common culprits include the underhood lamp, glove box switch, or the radio memory circuit. The diagram shows the exact fuse locations and the circuits they protect, allowing you to systematically remove fuses until the drain disappears.

## Intermittent Stalling or No-Start

A no-start condition that occurs only when hot can often be traced to the crankshaft position sensor (CPS). The wiring diagram shows that the CPS signal travels on a shielded pair of wires (usually dark blue and light blue) from the sensor near the flexplate to the PCM. Routing these wires away from the alternator and ignition coils reduces electromagnetic interference. The diagram also reveals that the CPS connector is located near the oil filter, where it is exposed to heat and oil contamination. Cleaning the connector and securing the harness can resolve the issue.

## Blown Fuses or Burnt Connectors

The fuel pump circuit in the 2000 XJ is known for drawing excess current if the pump is failing. The diagram shows that the fuel pump relay is located in the PDC (position 8) and that the pump itself is powered through a green and black wire running along the driver's side frame rail. If you see a burnt connector at the fuel pump module, the harness routing may have allowed the wire to rub against the body, causing a short. Replacing the connector and rerouting the harness away from sharp metal edges is a permanent fix.

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### PRACTICAL TIPS FOR USING THE WIRING DIAGRAM IN YOUR GARAGE

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1. **Always start with the FSM.**  
Print the relevant pages for the circuit you are working on. Mark them with a highlighter and keep them dry.
2. **Use a continuity tester or multimeter.** Do not rely solely on the diagram; verify that wires actually connect as shown. Age, rodent damage, and prior modifications can alter the original routing.
3. **Label before disconnecting.**  
When removing a harness, use masking tape and a marker to label each connector and its location. Take photos of the routing.
4. **Invest in quality crimp connectors and shrink tubing.**  
The 2000 XJ wiring is old and may crack when disturbed. Replace any

brittle insulation with marine-grade heat shrink.

5. **Check all ground points first.**

Many weird electrical symptoms – such as dim lights or intermittent wipers – disappear after cleaning a single ground.

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### **CONCLUSION: EMPOWERING YOUR RESTORATION OR REPAIR**

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The 2000 Jeep Cherokee XJ is a vehicle that rewards patience and knowledge. Whether you are sorting out a simple brake light fault or rewiring an entire engine harness after a V8 swap, having a reliable **Jeep Cherokee XJ wiring diagram cable harness and routing 2000** reference transforms a daunting

task into a logical, step-by-step process. By understanding the factory routing, you protect the harness from heat, abrasion, and moisture – the three enemies of any 20-year-old electrical system. Take the time to study your specific year's diagram, verify the color codes, and inspect the physical condition of every harness. With the right information and a careful approach, you can keep your XJ running reliably for another hundred thousand miles. The wiring diagram is not just a technical schematic; it is the map that connects every component into a harmonious electrical whole. Use it well, and your Cherokee will reward you with years of dependable service.